

EPA to Take Additional Action at the Niagara Falls Boulevard Site, Niagara Falls, New York

Community Update May 2016

EPA encourages public participation. If you have any questions or would like additional information regarding the Site, please contact one of the following:

Michael Basile, EPA Community Involvement Coordinator 186 Exchange Street Buffalo, NY 14204 716-551-4410 basile.michael@epa.gov

Or

EPA On-Scene Coordinator, Eric Daly 732-321-4350 daly.eric@epa.gov

SITE BACKGROUND

On May 24, 2016, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency will begin field activities on two parcels of property located at Niagara Falls Boulevard, Niagara Falls, NY. The properties consist of a bowling alley and a building supply center. They are bordered to the north by a wooded area, to the east by a church, to the south by Niagara Falls Boulevard and a residential area, and to the west by a hotel and residential area.

In __?__ the U.S. Department of Energy surveyed the Niagara Region by air for radiation and found some properties with low levels of radioactive materials. It is believed that in the early 1960's, a glass-like, granulated by-product called "slag" from former industrial facilities was used as fill material on both the bowling alley and building supply center properties prior to paving. The fill material contained "technologically enhanced naturally occurring radioactive materials", which are industrial by-products enriched with low levels of radioactive elements found in the environment.

ASSESSMENT OF PROPERTIES

In 2013, the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation and the New York State Department of Health conducted a survey of the bowling alley and building supply center properties. They later referred the sites to EPA for further investigation.

From December 2013 to May 2014, EPA conducted a series of tests at the property [ERIC: is it "property" or "properties"? Did we assess the bolwing alley in addition to the building supply center?] and concluded that the site did not meet the minimum criteria necessary to be placed on EPA's "National Priorities List", a list of hazardous waste sites in the U.S. which are eligible for long-term cleanup financed under the federal Superfund program. However, it was subsequently determined that material contaminated with radiation was located beneath the parking lot [ERIC: underneath the "building supply parking lot" or "bowling alley parking lot"?]. EPA determined that the Agency would further assess the site to determine if an action under EPA's short term, or "removal" program was warranted.

In the summer of 2015, EPA performed a gamma radiation survey of the property [ies]? and collected soil samples. EPA detected gamma rays in several areas within the building supply center. Gamma radiation is high frequency electromagnetic radiation which is biologically hazardous. The gamma rays were detected in unoccupied areas which appear to be the portions of the building that were add-ons to the original structure and were constructed on top of the asphalt parking lot.

In March of 2016, EPA performed additional tests on soil to determine the exact location of radiological contamination under the building supply center.

Based on survey and soil sampling results, EPA has determined that a short-term cleanup is necessary. The initial work will focus on clearing vegetation from the wooded lot behind the bowling alley and building supply center. This area will be assessed for elevated gamma radiation and used as work areas for the cleanup. The second phase of work will be removal of material from the identified areas of the building supply center.

Excavated material will be replaced with clean material and a new concrete floor will be installed. Later, the contaminated material beneath the asphalt parking lot outside of the building will be removed, replaced with clean fill and repaved. [ERIC: what part of the bowling alley property is contaminated? Just the wooded area behind the bowling alley? We need to be more clear on what part of the bowling alley property is impacted.]

EPA will continue to inform the public of all planned actions at the site.